



National Center
on Response to
Intervention

Fidelity of Implementation within an RTI Framework

National Center on Response to Intervention Webinar
October 20, 2009

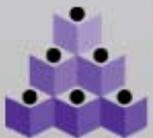
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Daryl Mellard with
Christy Khan, Melinda McKnight, and Sara Prewitt

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Project Officers: Grace Durán and Tina Diamond



RTI Center Partners

- American Institutes for Research:
 - *Nancy Safer, Darren Woodruff, Amy Elledge, Maurice McInerney, and Stephanie Jackson*
- Vanderbilt University Researchers
 - *Lynn Fuchs, Doug Fuchs, and Don Compton*
- University of Kansas Center for Research on Learning
 - *Don Deshler and Daryl Mellard*



Outcomes for the Day

Background Knowledge

How fidelity flows through the entire RTI Framework

An understanding of fidelity at the whole school level

An understanding of fidelity at the classroom level

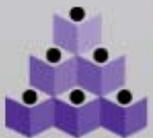
Development

Examples of HOW to develop a system to assess fidelity

- Action plans to get you started
- Tools to use in your school

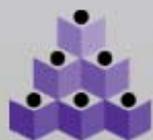
Implementation

Beginning implementation at your school

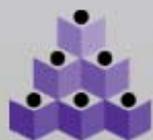


What is Fidelity?

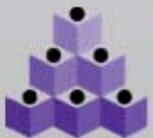
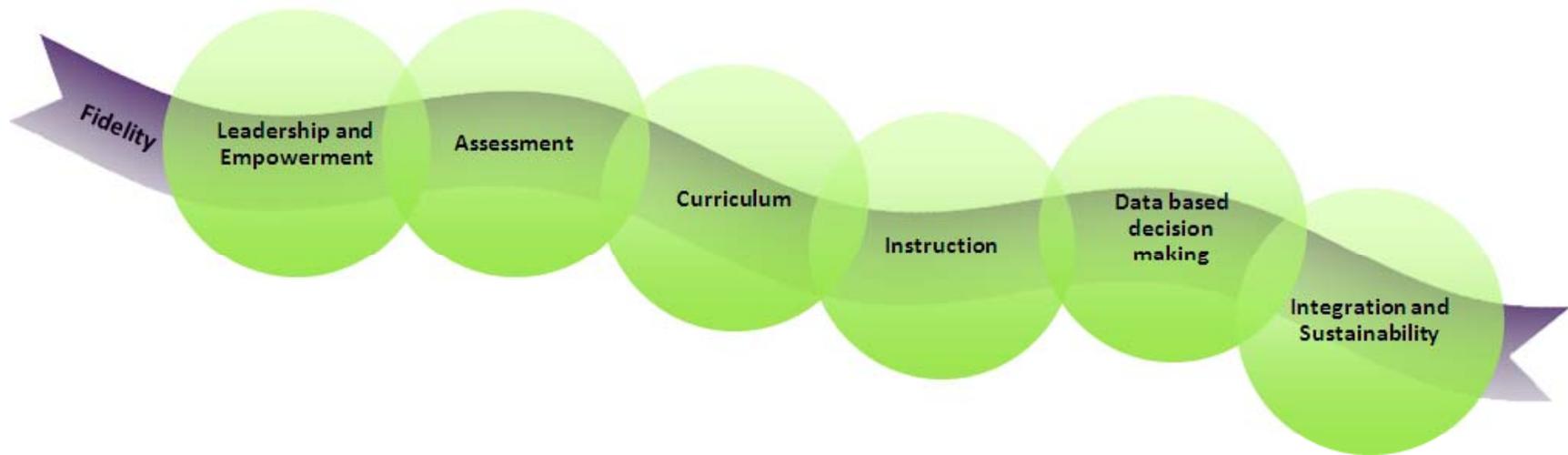
- Fidelity of implementation refers to how closely the prescribed procedures of a process are followed. (Mellard & Johnson, 2007)
- In other words, fidelity of implementation is “the degree to which teachers and other program providers implement programs as intended by the program developers.” (p. 240)



The Real Goal = All Students Improve



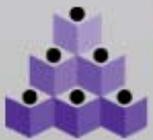
RTI Principles and Practices



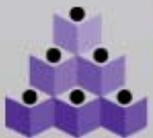
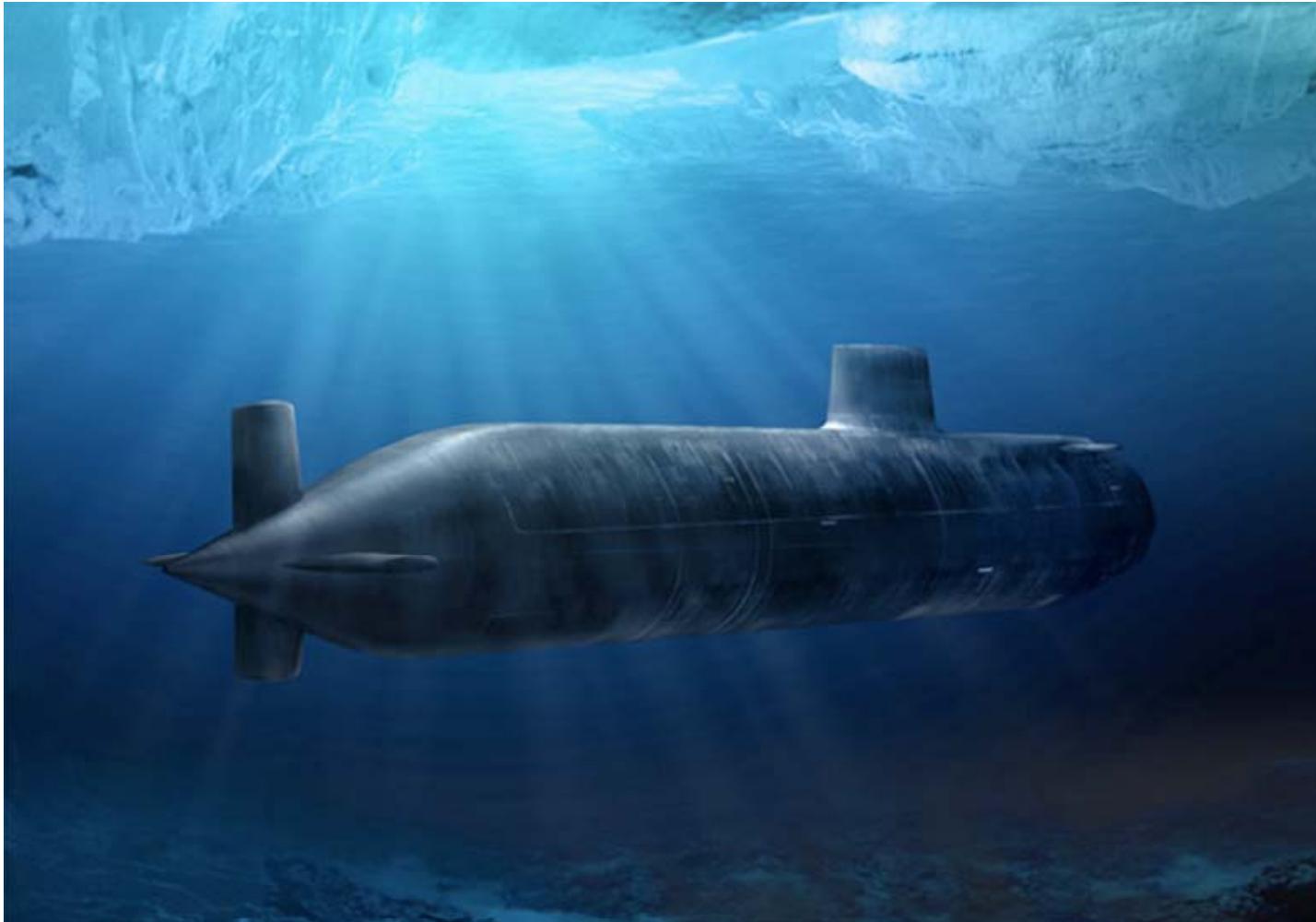
Positive student outcomes are dependent upon --

- Fidelity of implementation of process (at the school level)
- Degree to which interventions are empirically supported
- Fidelity of intervention implementation (at teacher level)

(Pierangelo & Giuliani, 2008)



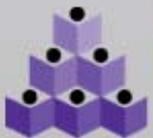
RTI: Surface vs. Deep Views



Surface or Deep?

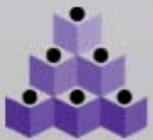
P (Success) = ?

“We (the teachers) are the ones that drive it (RTI) and the administrators are also in the driver’s seat just in another car.”



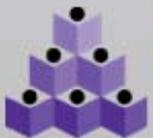
Setting the Stage

- Establish a climate for RTI; get **buy-in** from administration, teachers, staff, students, parents
- Ensure strong leadership with **support systems**, such as appropriate resources and professional development
- Understand the “**active ingredients**” for RTI implementation, and components such as tiered interventions, screening, and progress monitoring



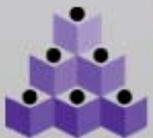
Creating the Culture

- Leadership and staff must:
 - **Know** what is expected
 - **Do** what is expected
 - **Communicate** with one another through feedback channels
 - **Check** the system regularly to ensure that the process is being implemented with fidelity – make sure it is working!

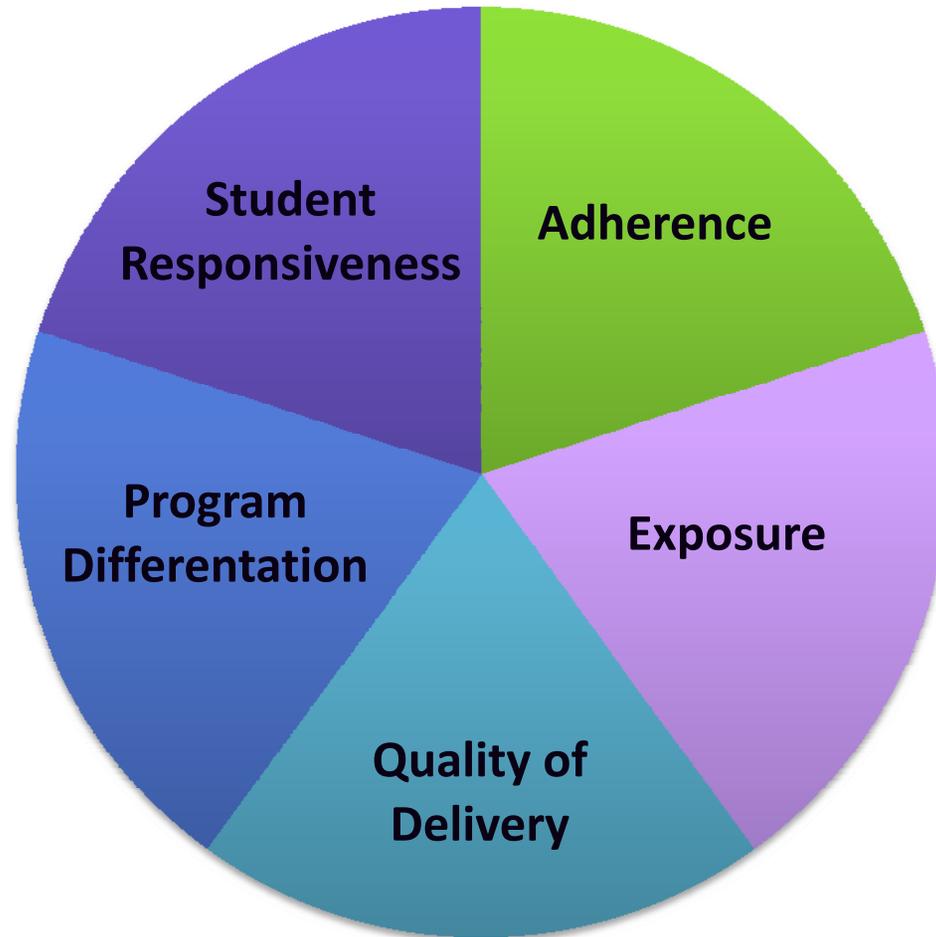


What Does Fidelity Look Like at the **Whole School Level?**

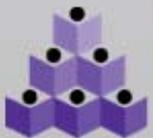
- A valid and reliable assessment system is in place
- Curriculum is evidence based and includes grade level components across tiers
- Instructional practices are evidence based and follow set parameters
- Staff follow clear data based decision-making rules
- Fidelity checks are predetermined and routinely applied
- Integration and sustainability practices are followed
- Staff regularly communicate using same vocabulary



Five Elements of Fidelity

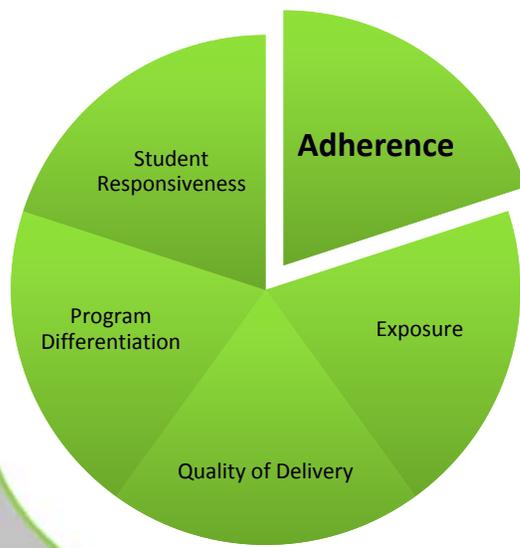


Dane & Schneider, 1998; Gresham et al., 1993;
O'Donnell, 2008



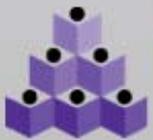
Adherence

- How well do you “stick to the plan?”
- How well do you stay true to the intervention and not drift from the core elements?



Examples:

- **Primary level:** Following the progress monitoring procedure
- **Secondary and tertiary levels:** Making sure all pieces of the intervention have been implemented as intended

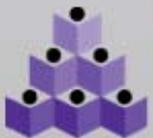
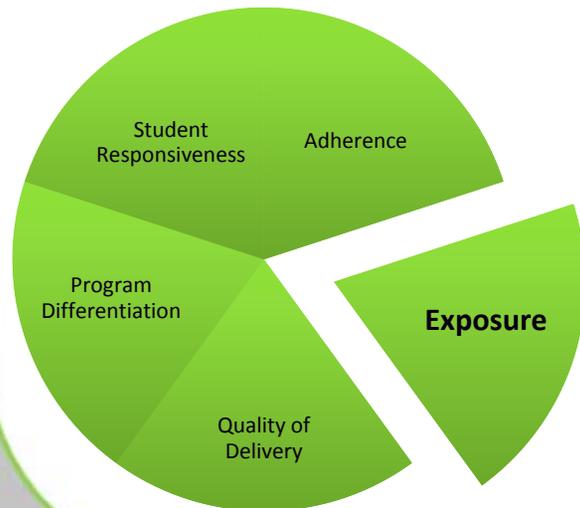


Duration/Exposure

- How often does a student receive an intervention?
- How long does an intervention last?

Examples (in elementary schools):

- **Primary level:** Providing 90 minutes of reading instruction five days a week
- **Secondary and tertiary levels:** Progress monitoring a minimum of every two weeks for academics



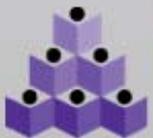
Quality of Delivery

- How well was the intervention or instruction delivered?
- Were good teaching practices used?

Examples:

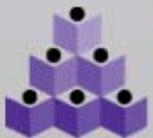
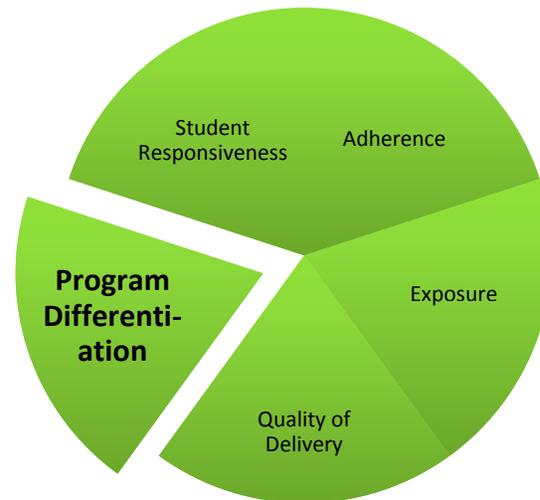


- National Board for Professional Teaching Standards followed
- Teacher enthusiasm evident
- Time for student questions and feedback provided
- Student groups and transitions effectively managed



Program Differentiation

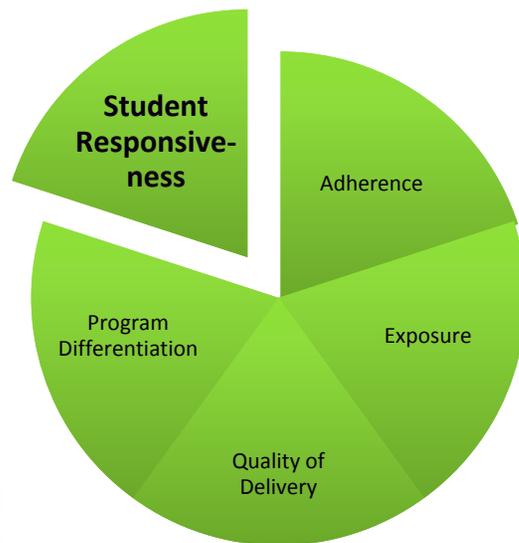
- How well do you differentiate one intervention from another?
- How well do you avoid inserting pieces from other interventions; contamination; polluting?



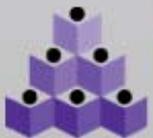
Student Responsiveness

- How engaged and involved are the students in this intervention or activity?

Examples:



- Amount of time students spend on task
- Levels of enthusiasm for activity
- Extent students feel they learned what was expected
- Number of students meditating with their eyes closed and heads on their desks



What have we learned so far?

Background Knowledge

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An understanding of fidelity at the classroom level

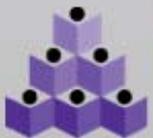
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- Tools to use in your school

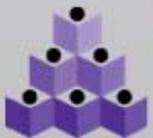
Implementation

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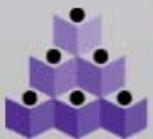
Tools to Assess Fidelity

- Adherence
 - Components as self-report checklist
 - Screening and progress monitoring data
 - Observation of teaching methods
 - Observation checklist
- Exposure
 - Records of how often screening and progress monitoring conducted
 - Observation of teaching duration
- Quality of Delivery
 - Observation of teaching strategies and techniques
 - Self-report on knowledge of content, techniques used, and reflection on lesson
- Program Differentiation
 - Component checklist
- Student Responsiveness
 - Student progress
 - Student survey



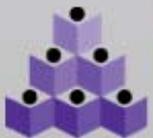
Applying Fidelity Elements within your RTI Framework

	Adherence	Exposure	Quality of Delivery	Program Differentiation	Student Engagement
Leadership	✓	✓			
Assessment	✓	✓	✓		✓
Curriculum	✓	✓			✓
Instruction	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Data-based Decision Making	✓				
Integration/Sustainability	✓		✓	✓	



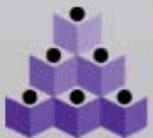
Sample Fidelity Protocol

Indicator	Tool	Frequency	Feedback/ Follow-up
New curriculum/new intervention	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Coaching</i> • <i>Direct observation with checklist</i> 	- 2-3 x/ semester	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Coaching</i> • <i>Peer support</i>
Comparatively low class average; increase in number of at risk students	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Direct observation with checklist</i> • <i>Student work sample</i> • <i>Teacher log</i> 	- 1 x/ month - Weekly	<i>Professional development</i>
Established instruction/interventions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student data</i> • <i>Observation checklist</i> 		
New administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student data</i> • <i>School data</i> • <i>Observation of classroom instruction</i> • <i>Walk-through</i> 		
Early second semester score slump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Walk-through</i> • <i>Teacher self-report</i> • <i>Student data</i> 		
Teacher request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Walk-through</i> • <i>Observation with checklist</i> • <i>Videotaping</i> 		



Other Factors Related to Fidelity

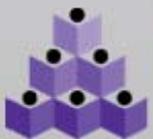
- Organizational Characteristics
 - Principal support
 - School culture
 - Quality of leadership
 - District support
 - Staff morale
 - Readiness to change
- Teacher Characteristics
 - Confidence, self-efficacy and animation
 - Communication ability
- Professional Development
 - Concrete, detailed instruction
 - Administrative resource person
 - Coaches
- Program Characteristics
 - Less complex
 - Specifically stated essentials
 - Unambiguous instructions
 - Easy administration



The Power of Coaching

TRAINING COMPONENTS	OUTCOMES (% of Participants Who Demonstrate Knowledge and New Skills in a Training Setting, and Who Use New Skills in the Classroom)		
	Knowledge	Skill Demonstration	Use in the Classroom
Theory and Discussion	10%	5%	0%
+ Demonstration in Training	30%	20%	0%
+ Practice & Feedback in Training	60%	60%	5%
+ Coaching in Classroom	95%	95%	95%

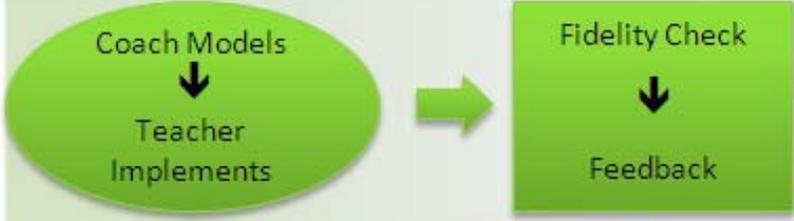
(Joyce & Showers, 2002)



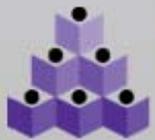
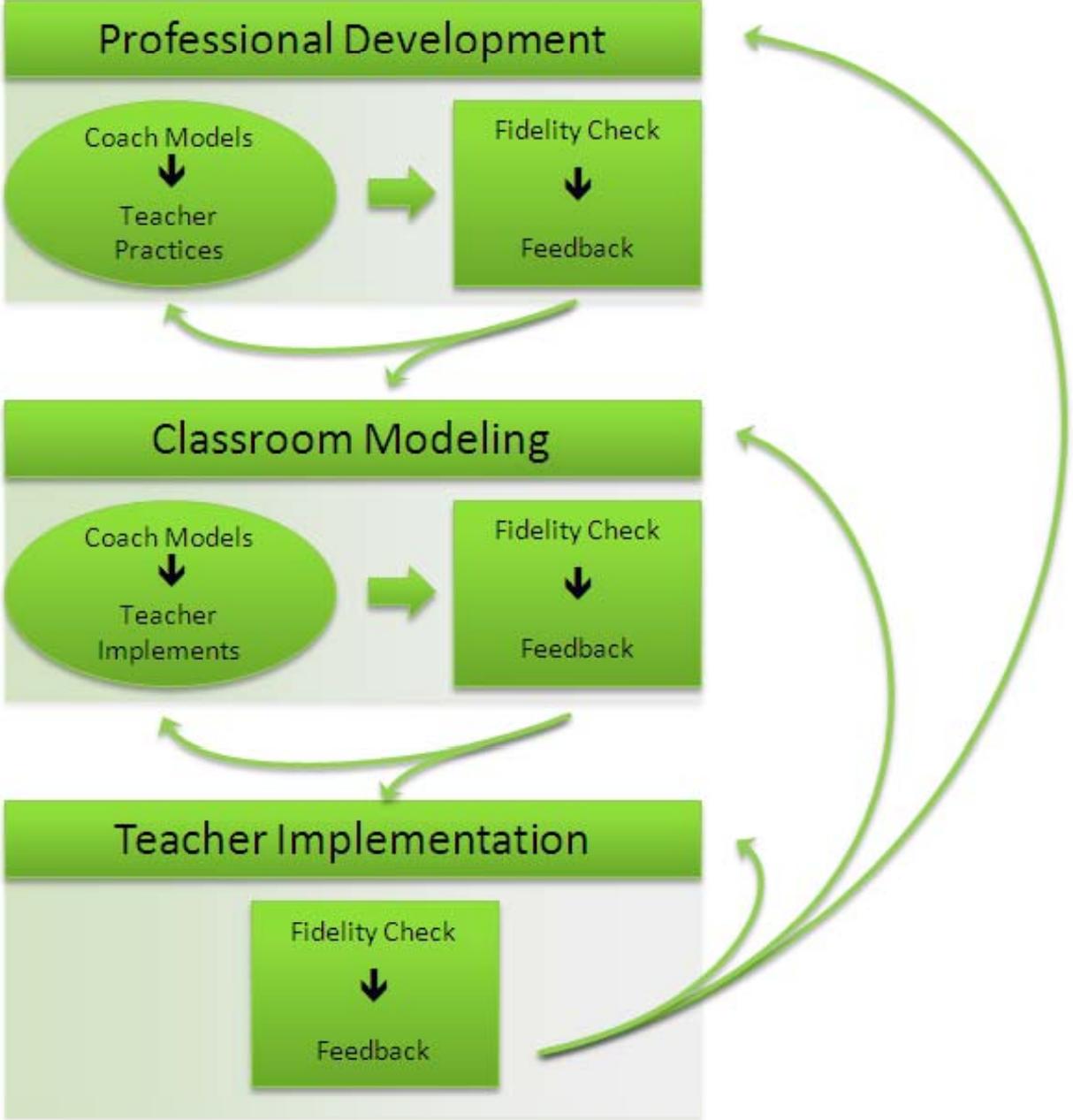
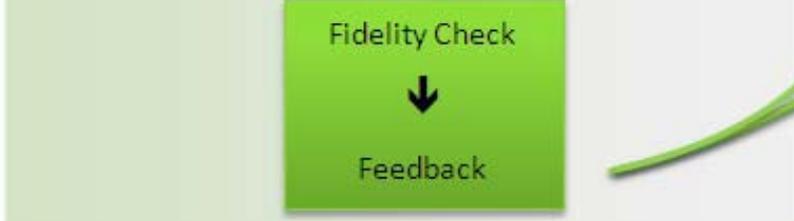
Professional Development



Classroom Modeling



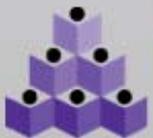
Teacher Implementation



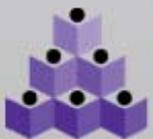
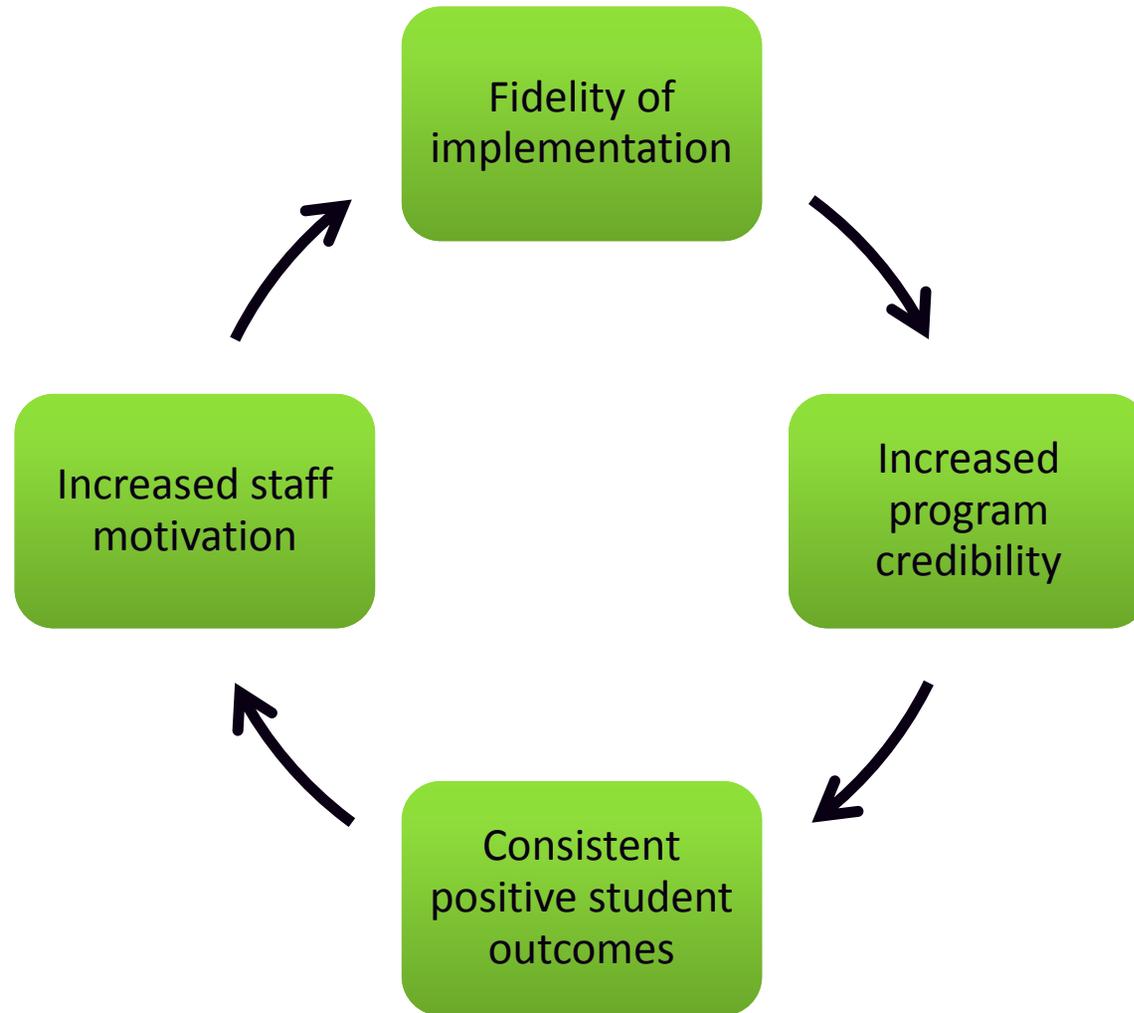
Practices to Ensure Fidelity of Implementation

- Definitively describe the system of components, procedures, and techniques; include feedback and decision making
- Clearly define responsibilities of specific persons (coaches, teachers, administration)
- Create a data system for measuring operations, techniques, and components
- Link fidelity data to improved outcomes data
- Approach instructor observation in a positive manner emphasizing problem-solving
- Create accountability measures for noncompliance

(Johnson, Mellard, Fuchs, & McKnight, 2006; Pierangelo & Giuliani, 2008)

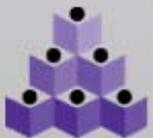


The Cycle of Benefits



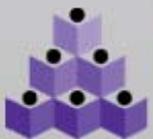
Reflection

1. What do we already have in place to measure the five elements of fidelity?
2. What do we need in order to measure the elements of fidelity adequately?
 - At the whole school for the RTI process?
 - At the primary level?
 - At the secondary level?
 - At the tertiary level?



Tools to get you started

- Action plan for administrators
- Action plan for teachers
- Example of a fidelity protocol
- Example of a fidelity elements matrix
- High quality instruction matrix
- Example of an instructional walkthrough
- Examples of two student satisfaction surveys
- Examples of two observation checklists



What's Been Covered?

Background Knowledge

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An understanding of fidelity at the classroom level

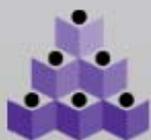
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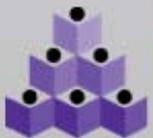
Implementation

Now that you have the knowledge and tools, you can begin fidelity implementation.



THANK YOU!

- I have enjoyed discussing fidelity of implementation with you today. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact:
 - Daryl Mellard dmellard@ku.edu
 - Melinda McKnight mmck@ku.edu
 - Sara Prewett saralp@ku.edu



References

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